

Heat Pumps, kWh and Ca\$h

Tips, tricks and applications

EECA/IIR WORKSHOP

SEPTEMBER 2021



Case Study: Adding a Heat Pump to an existing Ammonia Refrigeration System ***without compromise!***

Basis of Design – Small to Medium Meat Processor

Refrigeration Plant: 3MW high stage ammonia duty with evaporative condenser:

- ETP: **-10°C** ((170 kPag)Typical IP pressure of compound refrigeration plant)
- CTP @ design conditions: **34°C**
- Loading: Mean demand 60% of design capacity (\approx 2MW refrigeration)

Heat Pump: Ammonia cascade arrangement;

- ETP 32°C
- CTP 75°C
- Heat Harvesting \approx **1MW** at Heat Pump Suction (\approx **1.3MW hot water heating**)



HeatPAC HPX with panel-mounted UniSAB systems controller

3MW Refrigeration
1MW shaft power
***Only 170 kW harvestable
superheat & oil cooling***

You're going to need to harvest condenser heat!

Heat Pump Performance

MYCOMW

MYCOMW

Compressor Range

Version

Exit

MAYEKAWA

MYCOM

MYCOM

SCREW REFRIGERATION COMPRESSOR


To start program, enter <icon>.

MYCOM

RECIPRO REFRIGERATION COMPRESSOR

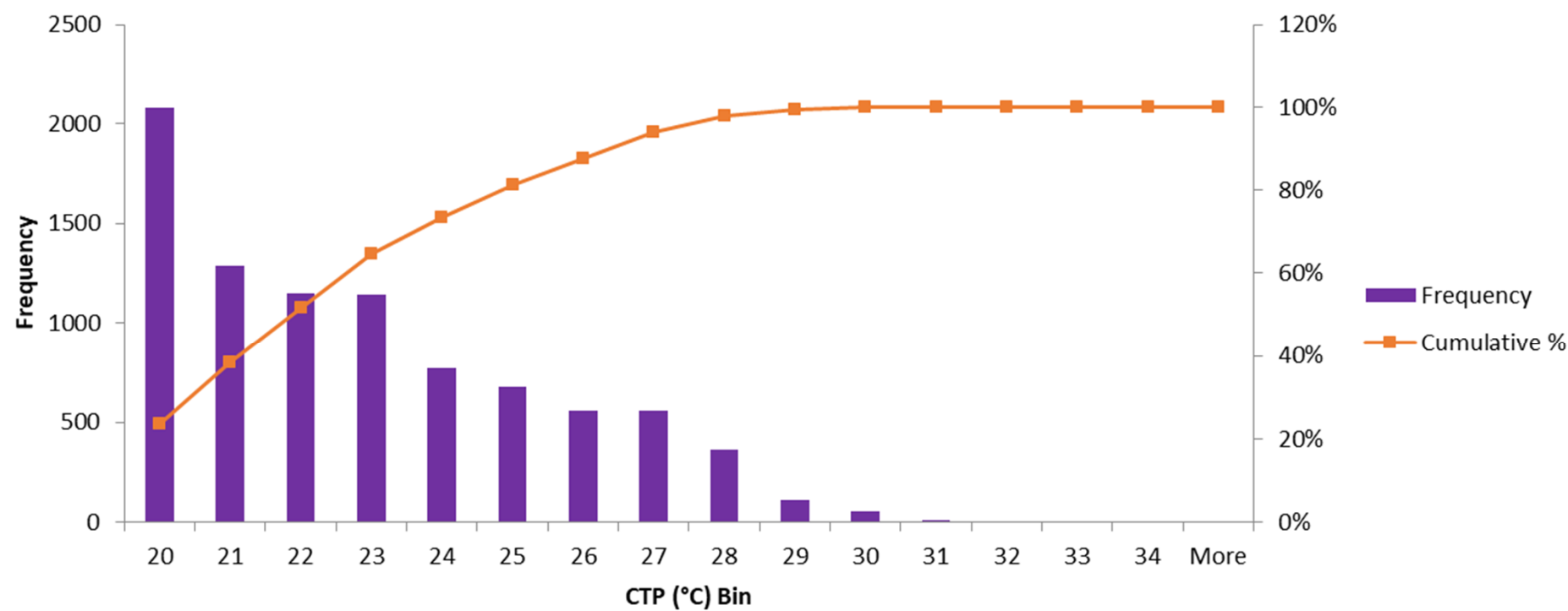
To start program, enter <icon>.

| Title : | | Heat Pump Selection | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|--|--|
| MODEL : | N6HS | | | | |
| REFRIGERANT : | AMMONIA | | | | |
| BOOSTER : | | N | | | |
| CAPACITY : | [kW] | ✓ | 954.7 | | |
| CAPACITY : | [TR] | ✓ | 271.5 | | |
| ABSORBED POWER : | [kW] | ✓ | 168.1 | | |
| SPEED : | | [min-1] | ✓ 1000 | | |
| LOAD : | [%] | ✓ | 100 | | |
| CONDENSING TEMP. : | [degC] | ✓ | 75.0 | | |
| EVAPORATIVE TEMP. : | [degC] | ✓ | 32.0 | | |
| SUCTION SUPERHEAT : | [degC] | ✓ | 0.00 | | |
| LIQUID SUBCOOLING : | [degC] | ✓ | 20.0 | | |
| SUCTION TEMP. : | [degC] | ✓ | 32.0 | | |
| SUCTION PRES. : | [MPaA] | ✓ | 1.24 | | |
| DISCHARGE PRES. : | [MPaA] | ✓ | 3.71 | | |
| SUCTION PRES.LOSS : | [MPa] | ✓ | 0.000 | | |
| DISCHARGE PRES.LOSS : | [MPa] | ✓ | 0.000 | | |
| SWEPT VOLUME : | | [m3/h] | ✓ 401 | | |
| DISCHARGE TEMP. : | [degC] | ✓ | 120 | | |
| REFRIG. FLOW RATE (SUC.) : | [m3/h] | ✓ | 349 | | |
| REFRIG. FLOW RATE (DIS.) : | [m3/h] | ✓ | 147 | | |
| REFRIG. FLOW RATE (SUC.) : | [Kg/h] | ✓ | 3374 | | |
| REFRIG. FLOW RATE (DIS.) : | [Kg/h] | ✓ | 3374 | | |

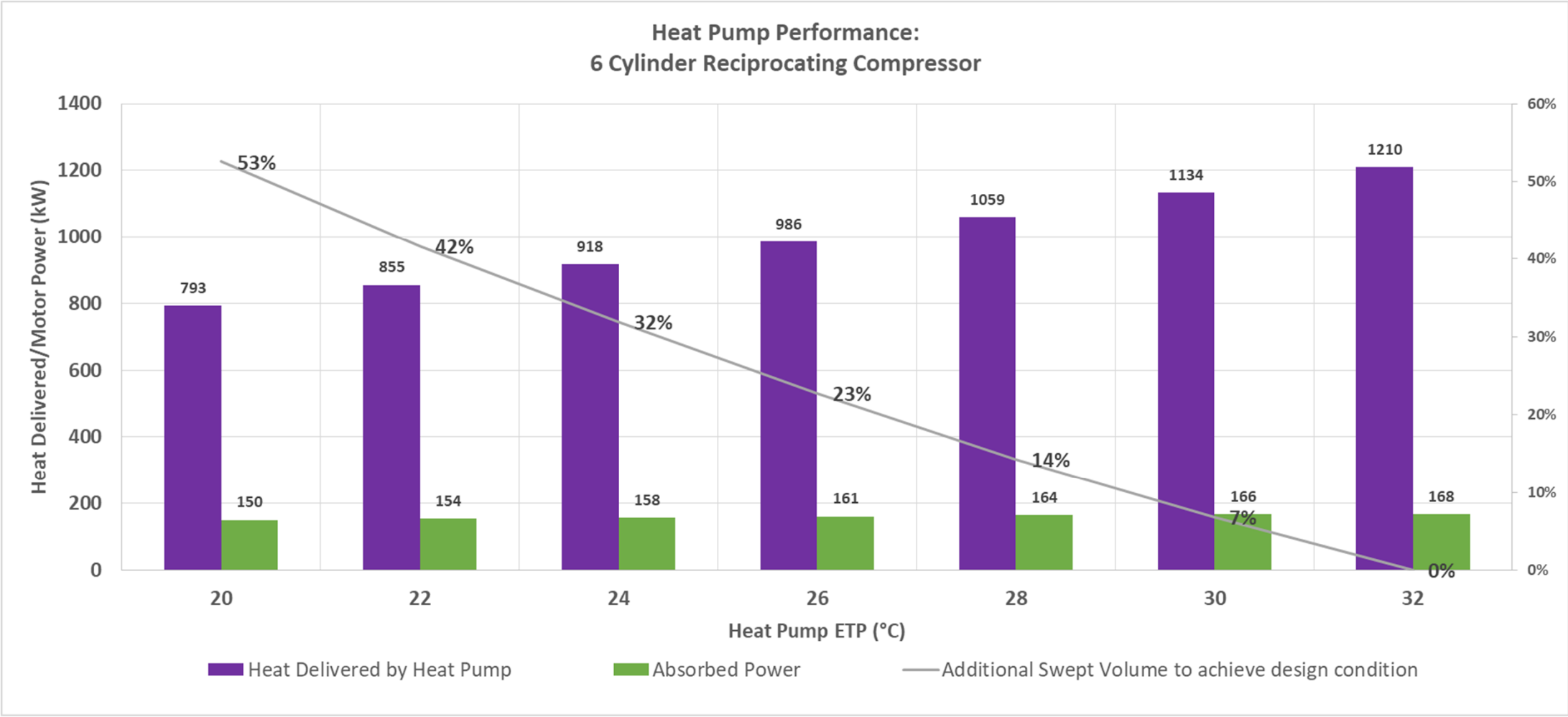
 Beca

Refrigeration System Discharge Pressure

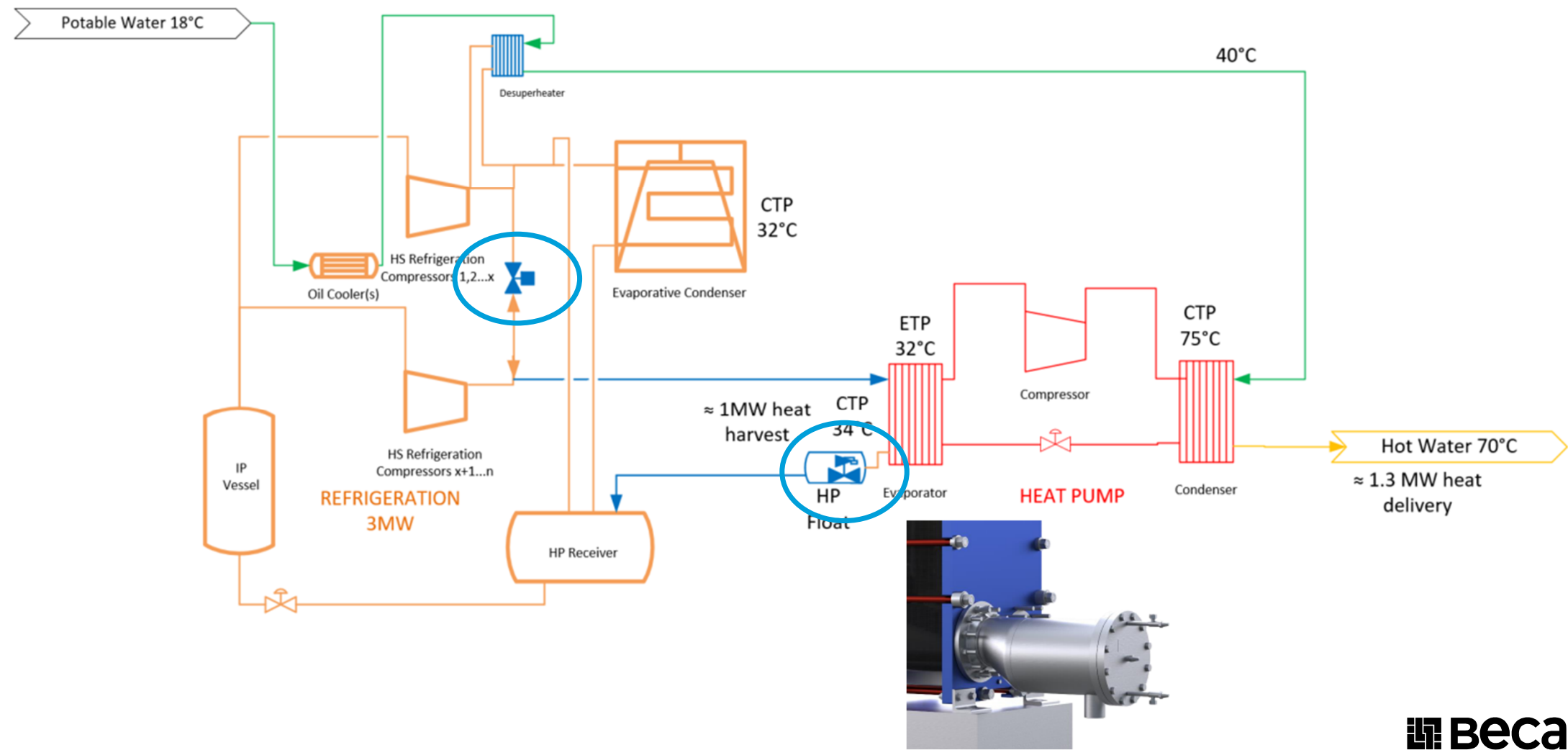
**Saturated Refrigeration
Discharge Temperature
Simulation
60% Average Load**



Heat Pump Performance

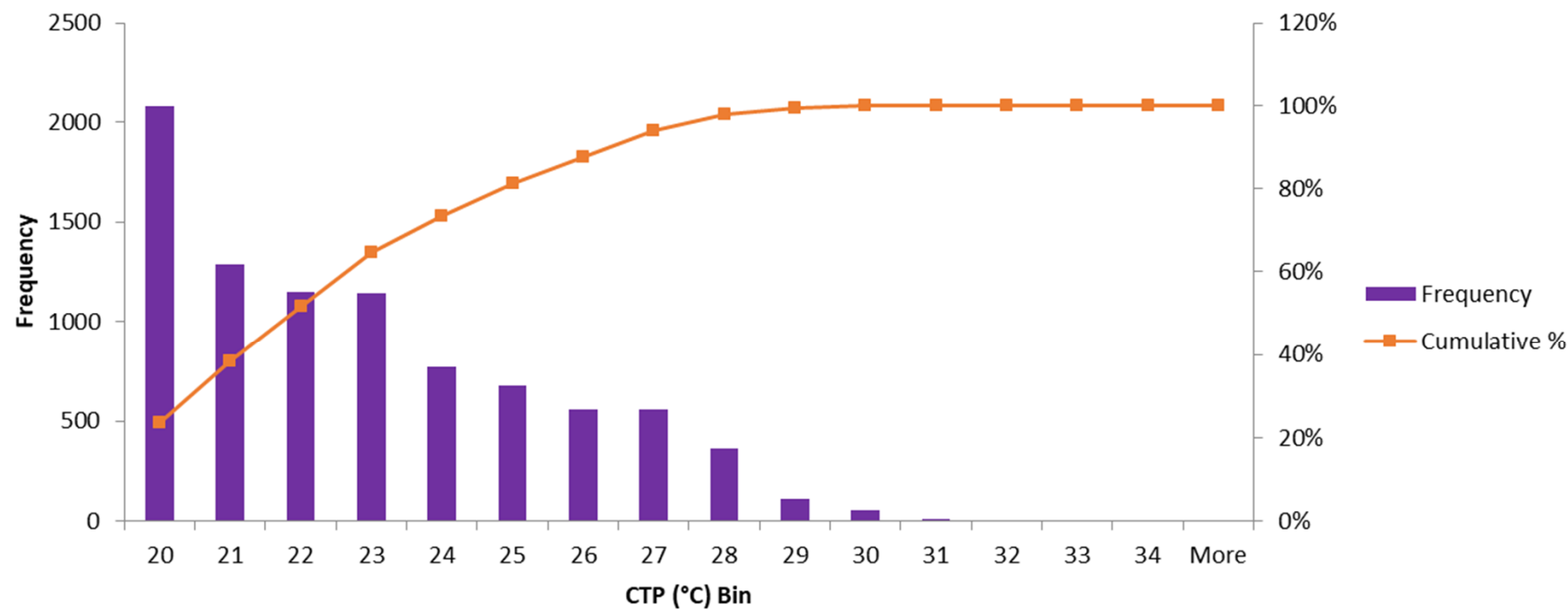


Proposed Solution



Refrigeration System Discharge Pressure

**Saturated Refrigeration
Discharge Temperature
Simulation
60% Average Load**





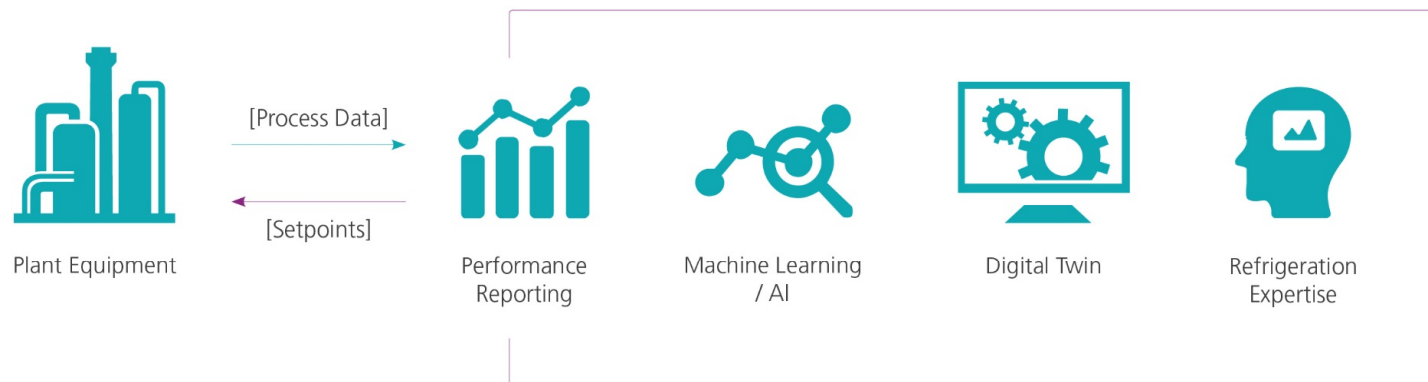
Maestro

Refrigeration **Energy** Reduction

**make
everyday
better.**



“Maestro - Your Refrigeration System Operating In Concert”

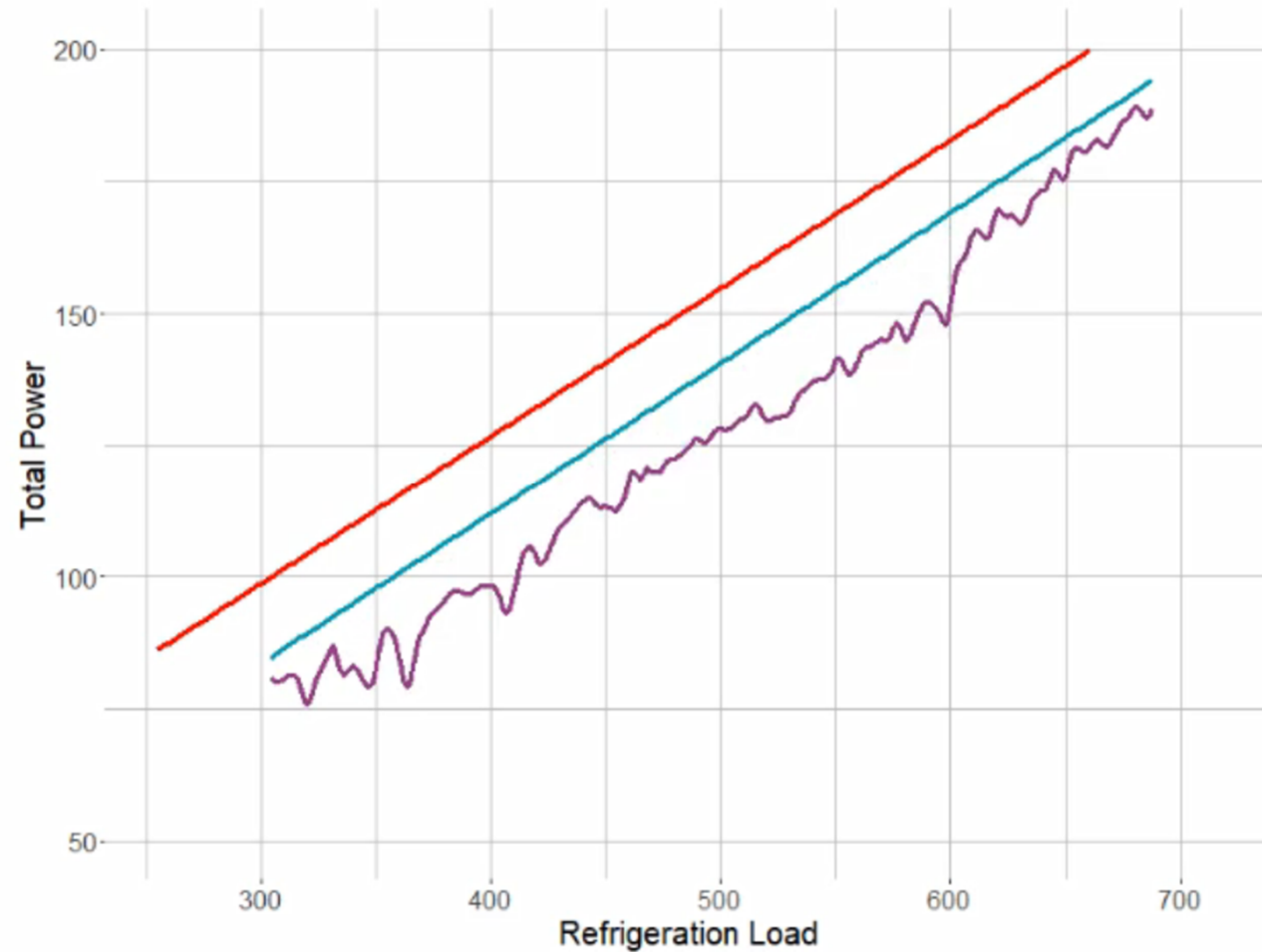


The Solution **Maestro**

**make
everyday
better.**



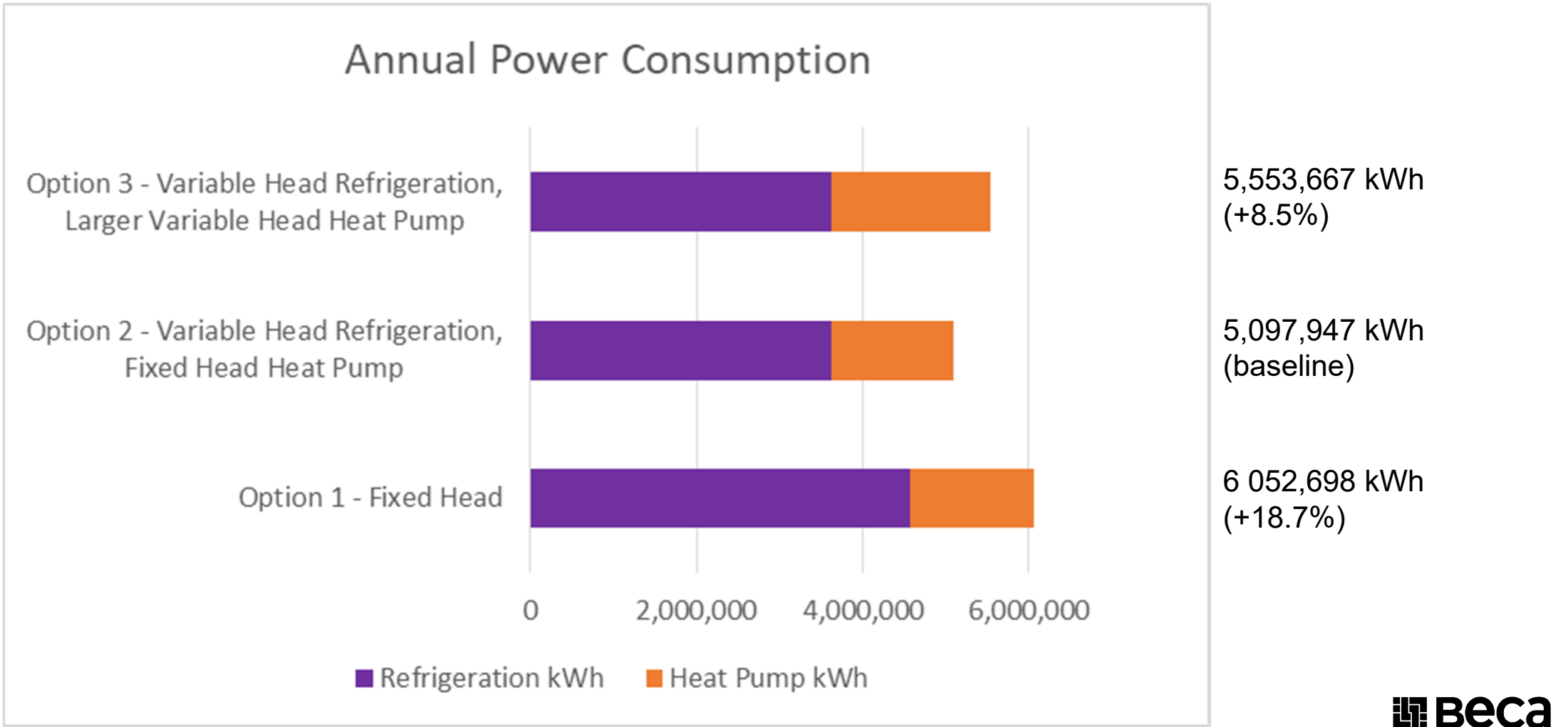
Red: original system power
Teal: Maestro seed values
Purple: Maestro machine learning



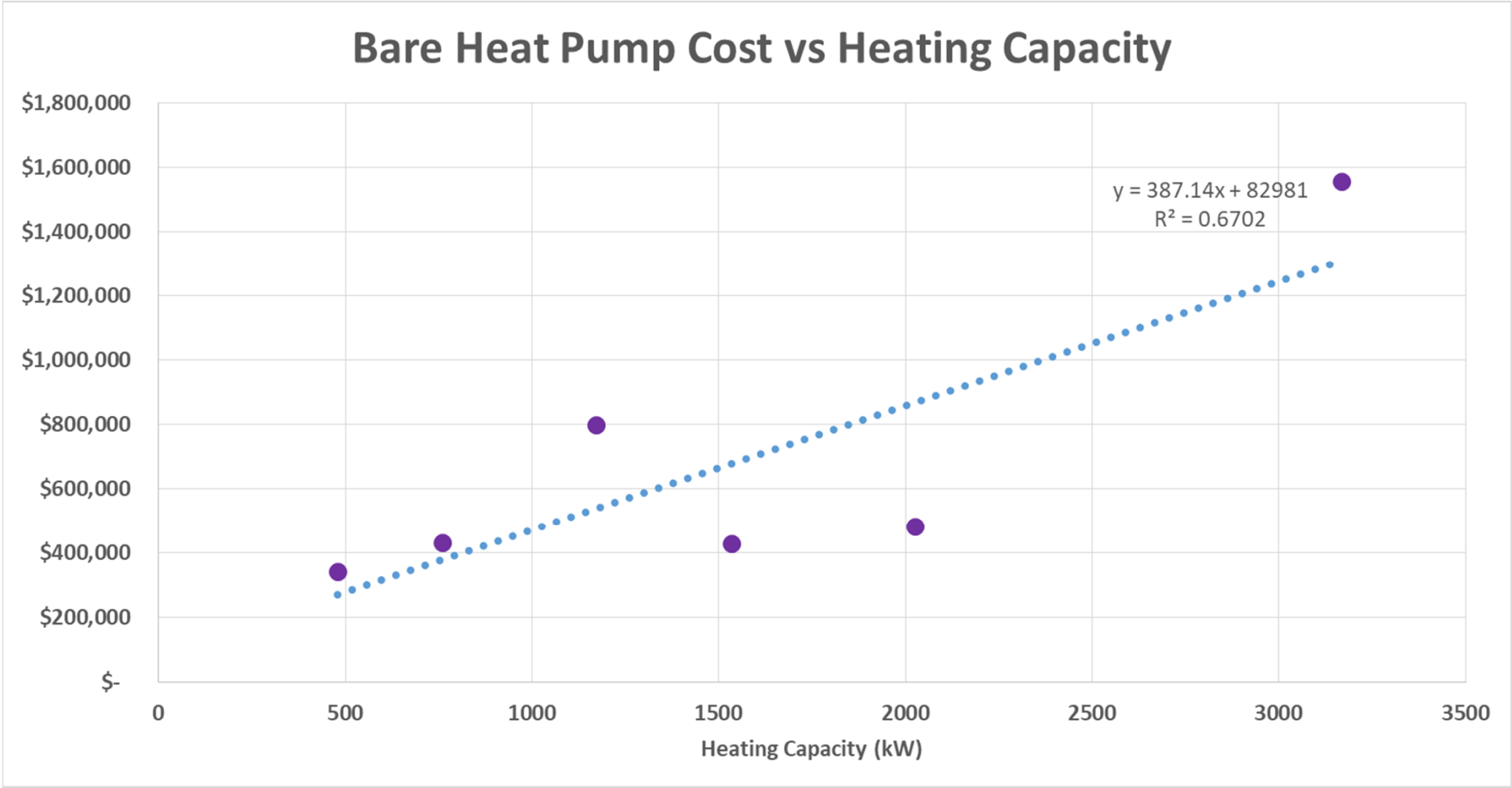
The Benefits **Maestro**

make
everyday
better.

Option Analysis



Heat Pump Unit Costs



Cost Summary

| (Electricity: \$0.14/kWh) | % kWh consumed | Energy Cost | Energy Savings | Additional CAPEX |
|--|----------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| Option 1 - Fixed Head | 119% | \$ 847,378 | -\$ 133,665 | \$ - |
| Option 2 - Variable Head Refrigeration, Fixed Head Heat Pump | 100% | \$ 713,713 | \$ - | \$ 25,000 |
| Option 3 - Variable Head Refrigeration, Larger Variable Head Heat Pump | 109% | \$ 774,713 | -\$ 61,001 | \$ 250,000 |

Conclusions

- Don't run your heat pump at the cost of refrigeration system efficiency
- A split discharge arrangement for the refrigeration plant allows separation of heat pumping and condensing functions
- It doesn't make economic sense to oversize a heat pump
- Make sure your water circuit is organised correctly
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